How to prepare the budget for PRIMA proposal

4th December 2018
Pau Güell – Financial Manager at PRIMA Foundation
Summary
1. Calls 2019:Section 1 – Section 2
2. Eligible costs
3. Ineligible costs
4. Third Parties
5. Keeping records-supporting documentation
6. Report and payment requests
7. Checks, reviews, audits and investigations
1. Calls 2019: Section 1 – Section 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section and call</th>
<th>Call</th>
<th>Total Call Budget</th>
<th>Budget per Topic</th>
<th>Type of Action</th>
<th>N. of expected grants</th>
<th>TRL</th>
<th>Funding Rate</th>
<th>Expected duration of projects</th>
<th>Total Budget per Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Section 1</td>
<td>Call Water</td>
<td>6.400.000,00</td>
<td>6.400.000,00</td>
<td>RIA</td>
<td>Up to 4</td>
<td>3 to 5</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>36-48 Months</td>
<td>28.000.000,00</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Call Farming</td>
<td>10.900.000,00</td>
<td>4.500.000,00</td>
<td>RIA</td>
<td>Up to 3</td>
<td>3 to 5</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>36-48 Months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6.400.000,00</td>
<td>IA</td>
<td>Up to 4</td>
<td>5 to 8</td>
<td>70 or 100%</td>
<td>36-48 Months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Call Agro-food</td>
<td>6.400.000,00</td>
<td>6.400.000,00</td>
<td>IA</td>
<td>Up to 4</td>
<td>5 to 8</td>
<td>70 or 100%</td>
<td>36-48 Months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Call Nexus</td>
<td>4.300.000,00</td>
<td>3.200.000,00</td>
<td>RIA</td>
<td>Up to 2</td>
<td>3 to 5</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>36-48 Months</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.100.000,00</td>
<td>CSA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>Appr. 36 Months</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Section 2</td>
<td>Single call</td>
<td>34.950.000,00</td>
<td>34.950.000,00</td>
<td>RIA</td>
<td>Appr. 35</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>depending on National Regulations</td>
<td>36 Months</td>
<td>34.950.000,00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The information for AWP 2019 is pending to be approved by the EC.
2. Eligible Costs
2. Eligible Costs

A) ACTUAL COSTS (Art 6.1 MGA)

1. Must be actually **induced by the beneficiary**

2. During the **period of the action**

3. Must be **indicated in the estimated Budget** (Excel File)

4. Must be run in **connection with the action as described in Annex 1**

5. Must be **identifiable and verifiable**

6. Must comply with the **applicable national law on taxes**, labor and social security

7. Must be **reasonable, justified** and must comply with the principle of sound financial management.
2. Eligible Costs

SPECIFIC CASES ACTUAL COSTS

1. **Depreciation costs** for equipment used for the action, but bought before the action starts. **ELIGIBLE**

2. **Cost related to preparing**, submitting and negotiating the **proposals**. **NOT ELIGIBLE**

3. Costs related to **drafting the consortium agreement**. **NOT ELIGIBLE**

4. **Travel** Costs for the **kick-off meeting**. **ELIGIBLE**

5. **Costs of reporting** at end of the action. **ELIGIBLE**

6. Cost to allow for the participation of **disabled people**. **ELIGIBLE**
2. Eligible Costs

B) UNIT COSTS
- Usual accounting practices
- Must be calculated as follows:
  Number of actual units x Amounts per unit

C) LUMP SUM
Payment exclusively based on outcome base payment
Example: A measurement campaign, clinical tests..

D) FLAT RATE COSTS
Calculated by applying the flat rate to eligible costs (Example: 25% Eligible direct costs will be indirect costs)
2. Eligible Costs

A) Direct Personnel Costs

B) Direct costs of subcontracting

C) Direct costs of providing financial support to third parties

D) Other direct costs

E) Indirect costs

**DIRECT COSTS**: Costs directly linked to the action implementation and can be attributed directly to it.

**INDIRECT COSTS**: Costs NOT directly linked to the action implementation and cannot be attributed directly to it.
2. Eligible Costs

- A) DIRECT PERSONNEL COSTS (Art 6.2 MGA)

- Costs for employees
Personnel costs for employees (salary + social security contributions)

GENERAL RULE: HOURS WORKED (time records) x HOURLY RATE + (Additional Remuneration)

\[ \text{HOURLY RATE} = \frac{\text{PERSONNEL COSTS}}{\text{PRODUCTIVE HOURS}} \]

- Hourly rate can be calculated either annually or monthly
- Productive hours
  a) 1.720 hours
  b) Individual productive hours
2. Eligible Costs

Specific cases direct personnel costs
- Teleworking. ELIGIBLE
- Benefits in kind. ELIGIBLE (e.g. costs of lunch vouchers)
- Recruitment costs. NON ELIGIBLE
- Students, PhDs under scholarship, internship or similar agreement. ELIGIBLE
- Parental leave. ELIGIBLE

- Costs for natural persons working under a direct contract
  Costs of in-house consultants and similars (i.e self-employed)
- Costs for personnel seconded by a third party

- B) DIRECT COSTS OF SUBCONTRACTING
  - Covers the price paid for subcontracts and related taxes.
  - Must be declared as actual costs
  - Be incurred for the subcontracting of action tasks described in Annex 1.
2. Eligible Costs

- **C) OTHER DIRECT COSTS**

- **Travel costs**
  - Covers the travel costs and related subsistence allowances spent for the action
  - Be in line with the beneficiary’s usual practices on travel.

**Specific cases**
Combination with personal travels or travels for other purposes.

- **Equipment**
  - *Depreciation costs of equipment, infrastructure or other assets*

  \[
  \text{Acquisition Cost} \times \left( \frac{\text{% Annually Depreciation}}{365} \times \frac{\% \text{ Use for the action}}{365} \times \text{Days used/365} \right)
  \]

  - *Costs of renting or leasing equipment*
2. Eligible Costs

- C) OTHER DIRECT COSTS

- **Other goods (Art 10 MGA)**

  Goods and services purchased for the action. **It is not necessary to detail in Annex 1**

  - Consumables and supplies
  - Intellectual property rights
  - Certificates on financial statements

- **Costs of internally invoiced goods and services**

  Costs for goods and services which the beneficiary itself produced or provided for the action.
2. Eligible Costs

-D) INDIRECT COSTS

Indirect costs are eligible if they are declared on the basis of the flat-rate of 25% of the eligible DIRECT costs from which are EXCLUDED:

- Costs of subcontracting

EXAMPLE:

A public university is a beneficiary under a GA and has incurred the following costs:

- 100,000 € personnel costs
- 20,000 € subcontracting costs
- 10,000 € Other direct costs

Eligible DIRECT costs: 100,000 + 20,000 + 10,000 = 130,000 €

Eligible INDIRECT costs: (100,000+10,000) x 25% = 27,500 €

Total Eligible costs: 157,500 €
3. Ineligible costs

1- Costs that do not comply with the conditions set out in the eligible costs:

a) Doubtful debts

b) Currency Exchange losses

c) Excessive or reckless expenditure

d) Deductible VAT
### Estimated eligible\* costs (per budget category)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. Direct personnel costs</th>
<th>B. Direct costs of subcontracting</th>
<th>[C. Direct costs of fin. support]</th>
<th>D. Other direct costs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.1 Personnel</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.2 Natural persons under direct contract</td>
<td>A.4 SME owners without salary</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.3 Seconded persons</td>
<td>A.5 Beneficiaries that are natural persons without salary</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[A.6 Personnel for providing access to research infrastructure]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form of costs****</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Unit ②</th>
<th>Unit ③</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Actual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Total (b)</td>
<td>No hours</td>
<td>Total (c)</td>
<td>(d)</td>
<td>(e)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary 1</td>
<td>500.000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>3.213</td>
<td>150.000</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary 2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>300.000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Estimated eligible costs (per budget category) include

- **A. Direct personnel costs**
  - A.1 Personnel
  - A.2 Natural persons under direct contract
  - A.3 Seconded persons
  - [A.6 Personnel for providing access to research infrastructure]

- **B. Direct costs of subcontracting**
  - A.4 SME owners without salary
  - A.5 Beneficiaries that are natural persons without salary

- **C. Direct costs of fin. support**

- **D. Other direct costs**
  - D.1 Travel
  - D.2 Equipment
  - D.3 Other goods and services
  - D.4 Costs of large research infrastructure

\* Estimated eligible costs include costs that are eligible for reimbursement under the EU budget.
4. Third Parties

⇒ What is a third party?

A legal entity which carries out work of the action, supplies goods or provides services for the action, but which did not sign the grant agreement.

⇒ What types of third parties?

1. Third parties directly carrying out part of the work described in Annex 1

2. Other third parties: providing resources, goods or services to the beneficiaries for them to carry out the work described in Annex 1

Source: This slide is provided by EC
4. Third Parties

THIRD PARTIES IN H2020

Carrying out part of the work
- Subcontractors Art. 13
- Linked third parties Art. 14

Providing resources
- Contracts Art. 10
- Use of in kind contributions Art. 11 & 12

Source: This slide is provided by EC
5. Keeping records-Supporting documentation

- **Five** years keep records and other supporting documentation.
- **Original documents.**

-The beneficiaries must keep the records and documentation supporting the costs declared:

  a) **Actual costs**: e.g: contracts, subcontracts, invoices and accounting records.

  b) **Unit costs**: Adequate records and other supporting documentation to prove the number of units declared.

-‘**Certificate on the methodology**’ Stating that their usual cost accounting practices comply with these conditions.

-In addition, for **personnel costs** (only for persons who don’t work exclusively on the action), the beneficiaries must keep **time records** (writting and approved by the persons working on the action) for the number of hours declared (at least monthly).
6. Report and Payment Requests

- The coordinator must submit a periodic report within 60 days following the end of each reporting period.
  
  **Periodic financial report:**

- Payment accordance of the work package accomplishment
- An individual financial statement
- A periodic summary financial statement

- **Final financial report:**

  It is also necessary to include a certificate on the financial statements if the beneficiary requests a total contribution of **325,000 € or more.**

- Financial Statements must be drafted in euro. (For non-euro members, Official Journal of the European Union)
6. Report and Payment Requests

- Prima Foundation will do the following payments:

1- **Pre-financing payment**: 60% (max 30 days)

2- **Interim payment/s**: 30% (max 90 days)
   The amount due as interim payment is calculated by the PRIMA Foundation in the following steps:
   **Step 1**: Application of the reimbursement rates
   **Step 2**: Limit to 90% of the maximum grant amount.

3- **Payment of the balance**: 10% (max 90 days)

- Payments will be made to the coordinator.
7. Checks, reviews, audits and investigations

- The **Prima Foundation or the Commission** will check the proper implementation of the action and compliance with the obligations under the Agreement. **30% of Beneficiaries**

- **Reviews** may be started up to 2 years after the payment if the balance. These reviews can be carried out directly (own staff) or indirectly (using external persons or bodies).

- The Prima Foundation or the Commission may carry out **audits** on the proper implementation of the action.

- European Anti-Fraud office (OLAF) and European Court of Auditors (ECA) can carry out at any moment during the implementation of the action investigations or audits.
KEEP CALM AND FOLLOW THE RULES
Thank you for your attention

Website: [http://prima-med.org/](http://prima-med.org/)